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DIA review(s)

State Dept. review

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25X1 25X1 ZAIRE: New Katangan Attacks

//Katangan rebels launched new attacks in Zaire's Shaba Province over the weekend in what may be a new attempt to wrest the region from the government. The Zairians reported yesterday that rebels controlled most of the mining center of Kolwezi and were attacking Dilolo and Mutshatsha. Government forces are offering some resistance and the Zairians are flying reinforcements from the Kinshasa area. The Zairian Government has appealed to the US, France, Morocco, and other friendly powers for support. We cannot confirm Zairian allegations that Cubans or other "whites" are in the rebel force.// Reports from the Kolwezi area, derived mostly from the Zairian military and western mining company officials, indicate that a large group of Katangans--reportedly some 1,700 strong--attacked Kolwezi Saturday morningg. They apparently captured most of the town as well as the airfield, where they destroyed several Zairian Air Force aircraft. We have no clear estimate of the size of the total Katangan invasion force. //A counterattack by government troops re-

//A counterattack by government troops retook one command post and a hospital in Kolwezi but the Shaba region military headquarters apparently is surrounded and running short of supplies. Other Zairian units were reported to be regrouping northwest of the town for a counterattack, and Zairian Mirage fighters have been flying sorties over the area.//

The Zairian Acting Foreign Minister said yesterday that the Katangans had begun urban guerrilla warfare in Kolwezi and that in view of the large civilian population--including Europeans and Americans--it would be difficult for the Zairian forces to combat the rebels. At least 75 Americans are in the immediate area of Kolwezi; there are no reports of casualties among them.

of Katangans, including "white troops," entered the town yesterday morning, and that another small group was on its way west to the border town of Dilolo. The Acting Foreign Minister, in a meeting to brief US Ambassador Cutler and representatives of other friendly countries and to solicit their support, repeated the allegations of "white faces" with the Katangans.//

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Zaire also intends to apprise the Organization of African Unity and the UN of the situation and request the Congolese Government to use its influence to get the Katangans to withdraw. Zairian officials are probably hoping that their allegations of direct Soviet and Cuban involvement and the presence of Americans in the embattled region will induce the US to support Zairian efforts to repulse the invaders.

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National Intelligence Daily Cable for Monday, 15 May 1978 25X1 25X1 The NID Cable is for the purpose of informing senior US officials. CONTENTS Page 1 ISRAEL: Interview with Chief of Staff Page 2 USSR-MEXICO: Portillo to Visit MBFR: Talks Resume this Week Page 2 EGYPT: Referendum Next Sunday Page 25X1 FRANCE - WEST AFRICA: Military Page 5 GHANA-TOGO: Support for Ghanaian Page 6 MEXICO: Possible Gas Sale to US Page 7 MEXICO-FRANCE: Aircraft Offer Page 8 COMMON FUND: Efforts to Isolate US Page 9 25X1 BRIEFS: Page 11 Rhodesia Comoros 25X1

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deflect some of this criticism, Yadin announced that he would raise the interview at yesterday's cabinet meeting. He probably made only a pro forma complaint in an effort to mollify the dis-

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MBFR: Talks Resume this Week

//The Mutual and Balanced Force Reductions talks resume this week in Vienna after a month-long recess. The Warsaw

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Pact is likely to respond soon to the NATO proposal -- offered just before the recess--that provided assurances to the East on the timing and size of Western reductions and no longer demanded that the USSR make its withdrawal in the form of a tank army in the initial phase of reductions.// //Warsaw Pact delegates said that the Western initiative would receive "careful study," and a ranking official of the Soviet Embassy in Rome termed it a "noticeable step forward."// //The Warsaw Pact will handle its response and further discussions on manpower data with an eye to the opening of the UN General Assembly's Special Session on Disarmament on 23 May. At the UN the East will want to demonstrate that it is seeking progress in the MBFR talks.// //Meanwhile, representatives to NATO in Brussels are disagreeing somewhat as they attempt to develop a Western position on associated measures -- steps to be taken in verifying an MBFR agreement and stabilizing measures. West Germany is keenly sensitive to the political implications of certain proposed measures, such as Eastern mobile and aerial observations of West German territory, and is demanding that associated measures be reviewed at the political level before they are remanded to NATO's MBFR working group for technical study. Referendum Next Sunday EGYPT: In an attempt to silence his opponents, Egyptian President Sadat has called for a referendum next Sunday that could restrict their participation in the public sector. Egyptian voters will be asked whether all those who "call for principles contravening the teaching of religions"-an obvious reference to the Communists -- should be barred from key posts in the government, the press, and the unions. The electorate will be asked to ban those leftists who opposed Sadat after the death of former President Nasir and those who

took part in politics before the 1952 revolution, a stipulation

aimed at the reemergent Wafd party.

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	FRANCE - WEST AFRICA: Military
25X1	//The Mauritanians are reorganizing their army for more effective use against the Polisario Front guer-
25X1	while, continue to strengthen their forces in Mauritania and are now almost totally responsible for the protection of the Zouerat-Nouadhibou railroad there. French aircraft have made no further strikes since early this month, when Jaguars attacked a Polisario column for two consecutive days and inflicted heavy damage. The French may resume frequent air attacks against the guerrillas.//
25X1	//Under the new Mauritanian organization, tactical units and squadrons will be formed within existing battalions and regiments. The smaller units will be highly mobile, suitably armed to engage the insurgents, and capable of independent but coordinated action.//
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25X1	new structure is similar to the one developed by Moroccan forces in the south last year; the Moroccans determined then that regimental-sized units were too cumbersome to fight a guerrilla war in the desert.//
25X1	//The Mauritanians have reorganized their armed forces several times since the war against the Polisario began in late 1975. Prior to the war, Mauritanian military and paramilitary forces numbered less than 2,000 men; there are now about 15,000 and that number is likely to increase. This rapid expansion has resulted in a relatively inexperienced force, and the lack of a seasoned officer corps has been keenly felt at the tactical level. A French training mission arrived in Mauritania last year to help correct this problem.//

//The Moroccans have committed over 8,000 combat personnel to the defense of Mauritania and the Mauritanian-claimed part of Western Sahara. Most of these troops are based in the north and have assumed almost total responsibility for the protection of the Zouerat-Nouadhibou railroad. The Moroccans are building strongpoints for their troops and conducting patrols along the rail line. The Moroccan presence is designed to free
Mauritanians for more aggressive actions against the Polisario.//
//The French resumed their aerial strikes against the Polisario last week after an apparent five-month hiatus. Officials in Paris admit to only one strike inside Mauritania, on 3 May. The French, however, made a second attack on 4 May in the Mauritanian-claimed part of Western Sahara at Oulm Dreiga. They destroyed 12 vehicles and wounded or killed an estimated 30 to 40 guerrillas. One of the attacking aircraft was damaged but landed safely at Nouadhibou.//
//These attacks may presage the resumption
of frequent French air strikes against the Polisario.
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The commander of French forces in Mauritania, General Maffre, visited the Moroccan command for Western Sahara in El Aaiun, and a decision was made to place a permanent French liaison group with the command. This may lay the basis for future coordinated actions such as the airstrikes last week.
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buying 10 to 12 Israeli Kfir fighters.//

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25X1	//The French F-1 is more expensive than the Kfir. France sold F-1s to Ecuador last November for \$10 million apiece. The French probably would sell the Alpha Jet for \$4.5 million to \$5 million each, a price slightly higher than that of the US F-5.//
25X1	//The Mexican national defense budget has increased this year, but it is nowhere near sufficient to cover a large aircraft purchase. Mexico will have to extend payments over several years and significantly increase its future defense
	budgets to make such a large aircraft purchase.
25X1	COMPANY TIME THE TENTE AT THE THE TIE
25X1	COMMON FUND: Efforts to Isolate US  //The developing countries are continuing their
	deliberations over how further to isolate the US in the Common Fund negotiations of the UN Conference on Trade and Development. Negotiations aimed at establishing the Fund, which is intended to help stabilize the prices of some raw materials, broke off in December. The Fund is one of the key parts of the developing countries' demand for a "new international economic order." The developing countries believe that they can cause the US to change its opposition to use of a "second window" for the Fund that would finance certain commodity development schemes. Developing country officials in Geneva think that US policy is limited by strict Congressional restraints and hope that pressure will be put on Congress to review the US position.//
25X1	//The majority of the industrialized countries—but not the US—are now willing to consider a compromise involving use of the Fund to finance certain kinds of development projects, if contributions to the fund are voluntary and the scope of the development projects is carefully limited. Even the West Germans, who have been the most steadfast in sharing the US view opposing the "second window," are said to be reconsidering their position.//
25X1	//In hopes of isolating the US, the members of the developing countries' organization, the Group of 77, have been encouraging the view among the industrialized states that the developing countries would accept a compromise along these

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I I	//Members of the negotiating group agreed last week to call for a paper to review progress toward establishment of the Common Fund and to hold a 10-day UNCTAD conference to discuss financing, voting, and use of the fund. The group did not review details of a strategy to divide the US and West Germany at its meeting, but the developing countries' efforts to press West Germany into abandoning support for the US view will probably increase as the July EC summit approaches.
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BRIEFS
Rhodesia
Bishop Muzorewa's United African National Council has decided to remain in the Rhodesian interim government. The partitude had debated for the last three weeks whether to withdraw from the government over the firing of the black co-minister of justice the party had appointed to the country's biracial ministerial council.
After a reported eight hours of heated debate yester- day, a UANC spokesman announced that withdrawal would be agains the interests of the country and cause the transition governmen

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	to collapse. Older party leaders apparently argued that Muzorewa's enemies were using the issue to provoke the UANC to withdraw, which would leave it isolated and powerless.
25X1	In order to demonstrate the UANC's anger over the firing, however, party leaders decided that Muzorewa will not
25X1	appear at public meetings designed to promote the internal settlement.
	Comoros
25X1	According to press reports, President Ali Soilih, the socialist leader of the Republic of the Comoros, was overthrown Friday in a bloodless coup. Details are sketchy, but apparently Said Attoumani -a minister in the regime Soilih deposed in a 1975 coupled the revolt with a group calling itself the "military directorate." Soilih is reported to be under house arrest and the capital of Moroni is described as calm.
25X1	It is unclear what motivations and ideological sympathies the coup plotters have. Comorans, however, had grown progressively disillusioned with Soilih's inability to carry though on promises of social change or to cope with the islands' near-desperate economic situation and with his chronic abuses of

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